

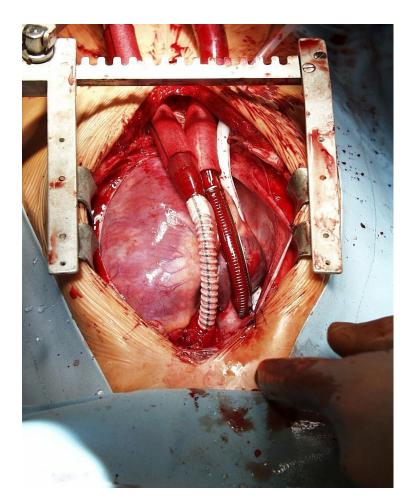
The MEDOS VAD System

- On the market since 1994
- > more than 500 operations in about 80 heart centres
- Short and medium therm use
- one of the leading systems in Europe
- Application field not as a matter of routine, therefore simplicity and efficiency is of particular importance



Indications

- Short to midterm circulation assistance for patients whith myocardiac failure of circulation and failure in conventional therapy
- postcardiotomy
- Cardiogenic shock
- DCM
- myocarditis
- Myocardial infarct
- Acute rejection after TX
- Acute left and right heart failure





Components

MEDOS-VAD cannulae •



- **MEDOS-VAD** ventricles •

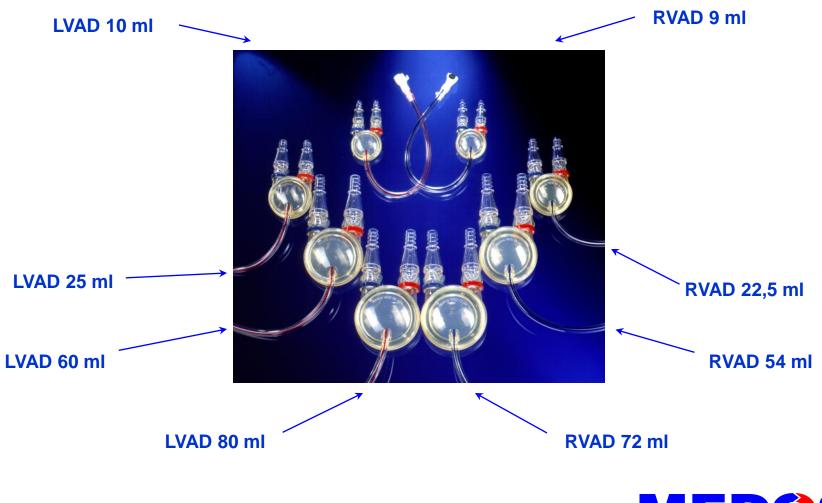
MEDOS-VAD driving •







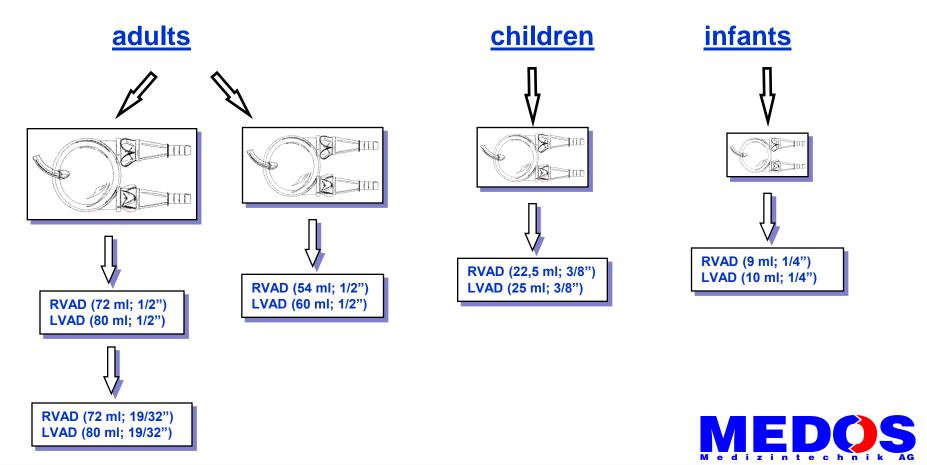
The ventricle family





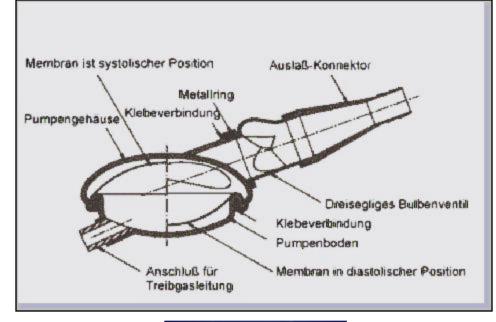
Describtion of the MEDOS-VAD ventricles

sterile disposable pneumatic bloodpump in the following sizes



Essential characteristics of the pump I

- Displacemement pump
 - extracorporeal
 - pulsatile
- Volume flow via enlargement resp. Reduction of the workspace volume



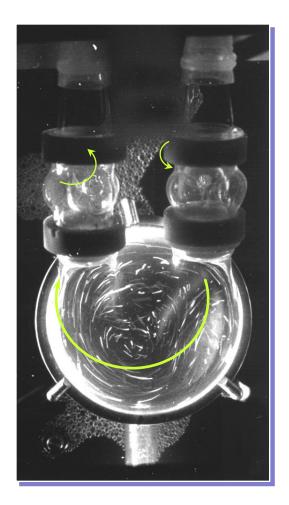
 the bloodflow is straightened by using a three leaflet bulb valve for inlet and outlet





Essential characteristics of the pump II

- Optimal outwash of the pumping body and the valves only possible via taking the advantage of using the whole discharge volume
- Therefor the Full-/Empty-Mode has to be controled and eventually set by medical personell





The conventional drive



- very stable and solid
- battery supply 45 minutes for BiVAD Use
- Flow measuring for patients monitoring
- very large and heavy
- complicated data acquisition
- small touch screen
- EKG triggered mode



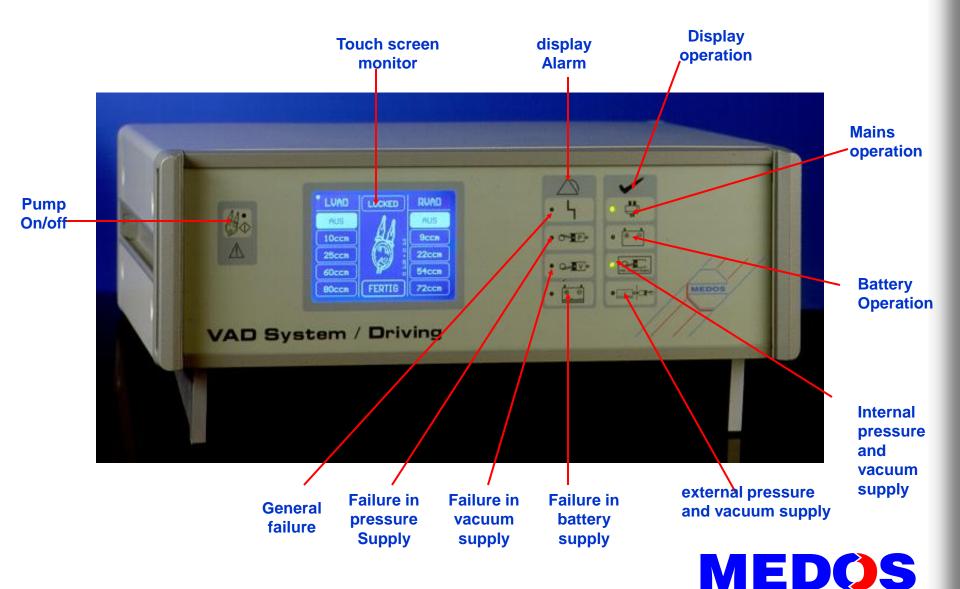
The Driving-System



- Programming via Touch Screen Monitor
- monitoring of all user instructions on dialogue menue
- Use very safe by easy handling of the system

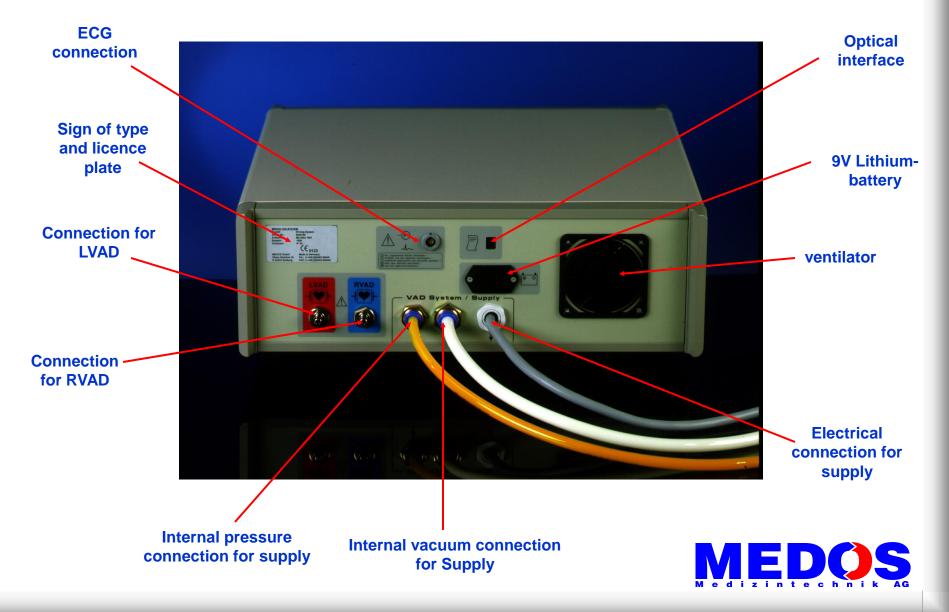


Frontview of the Driving



izintechnik

Backview of the Driving



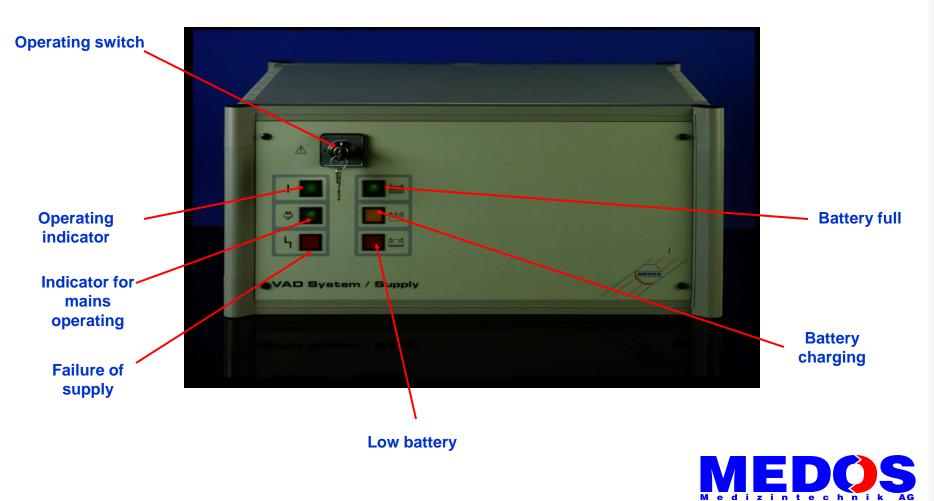
The Supply System



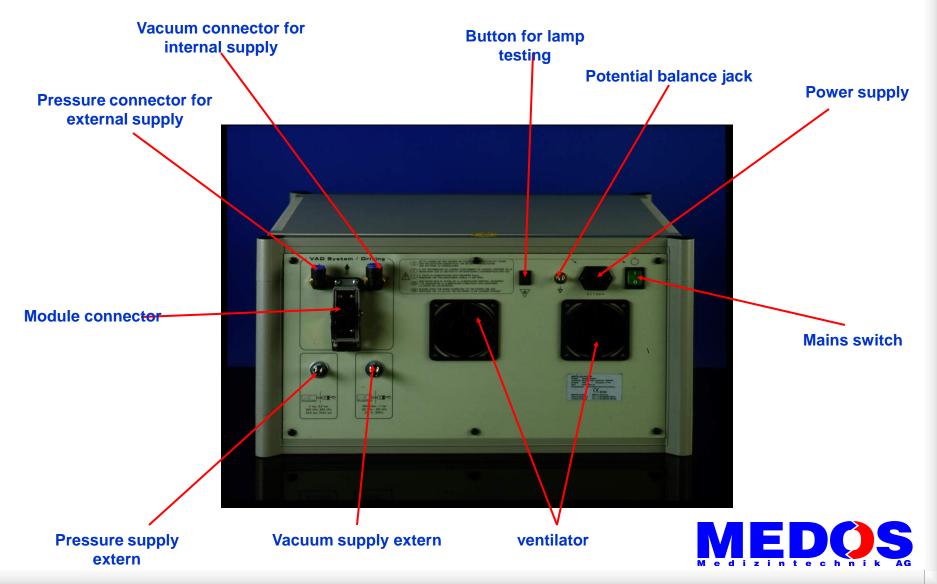
- Internal Akku (2 hrs)
- Internal Compressor
- injection of pressure and vacuum possible
- noisless operation



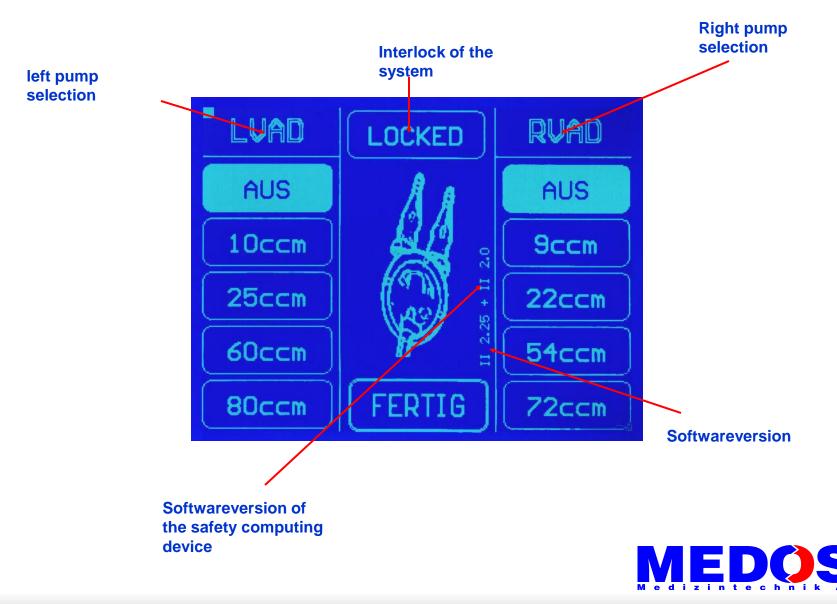
Frontview of the Supply



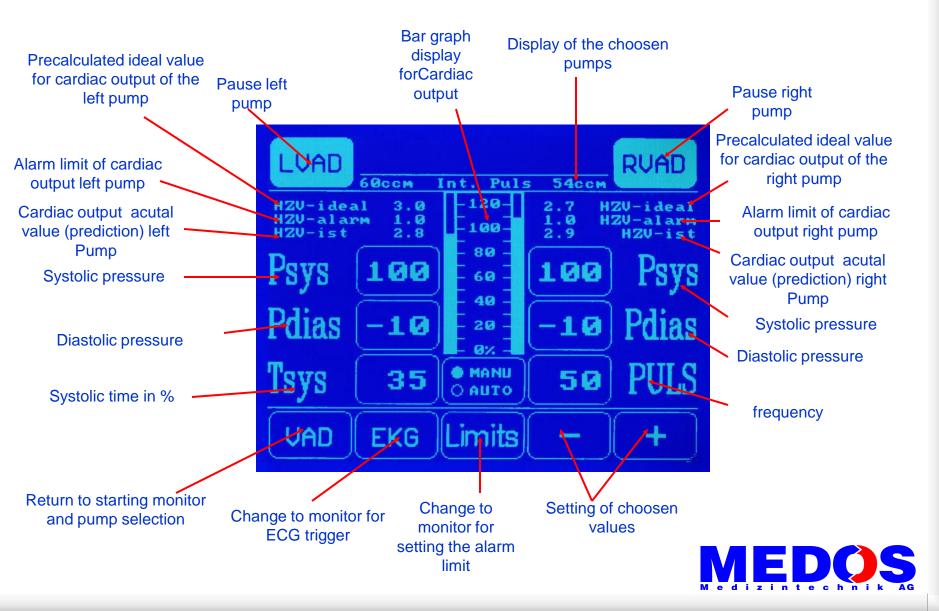
Backview of the Supply



Diplay after starting the System

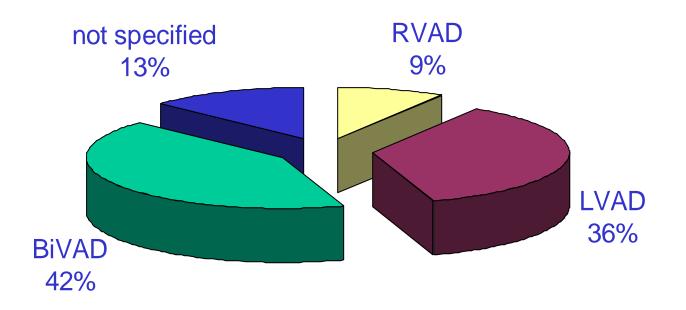


The pressure – setting - menue



The MEDOS VAD System

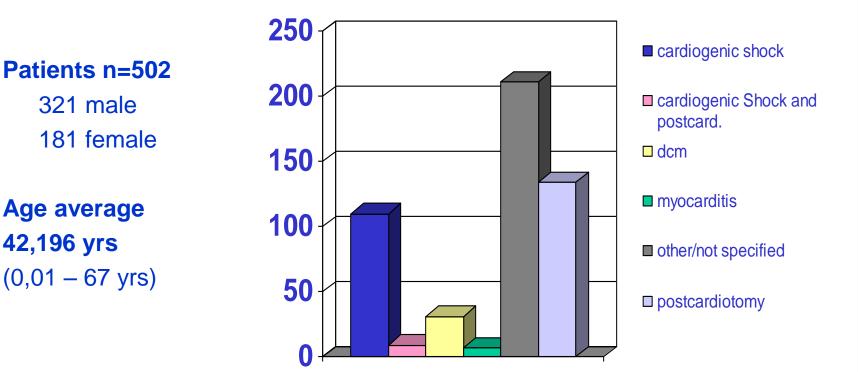
support mode





Analysis of Data I

Indications





Katrin Rohde, MEDOS Medizintechnik AG

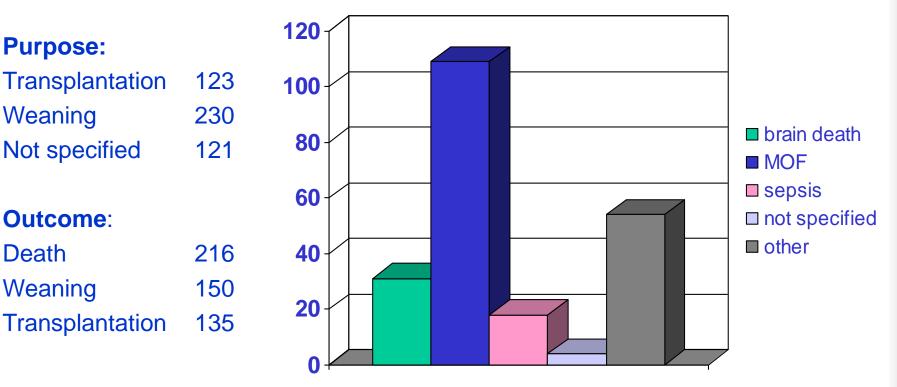
321 male

Age average

42,196 yrs

Analysis of Data II

Patients n=502





the new arterial VAD cannulae

cannula with ePTFE graft



cannula with gelatine coated graft





Characteristics of the new arterial cannulae

- material: PVC (Polyvinylchlorid)
- Graft of high flexibility by expanted PTFE (Polytetraflouräthylene) and ring amplification
- Different length and diameters
- Lower end of the cannula closed with lead-through-assistance
- Dacron tissue in lead through area







clinical experiences

✓ already routinely use for dialysis AV shunts

✓ artificial substitution of peripheral vessels

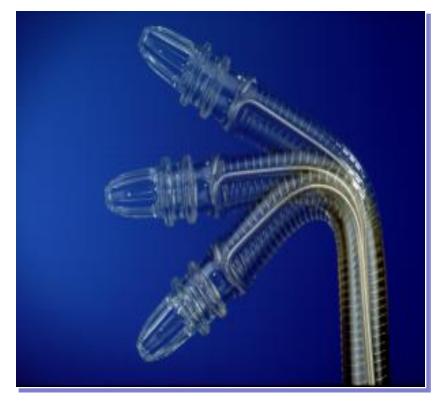
animal experiments show the following conclusions:

- the graft has optimal flexibility
- Optimal density also at stitch ducts by using stitching material recommended by the manufacturer
- ✓ soft material
- ✓ handling very easy



Characteristics of the venous cannulae

- material: PVC (Polyvinylchlorid)
- Wire reinforced upper third
- Different length, diameter and angles (Standard 135°)
- Upper end with blood taking basket as well as seam elevation for fixation by dubble pursestring suture
- Lower end of the cannula closed with lead-through-assistance
- Dacron tissue in lead through area





avaliability

arterial cannula with ePTFE graft

inner diameter [mm]	article number	connection	for VAD ventricle
5,0	ME 656 B0053	1/4"	9/10 ml
6,0	ME 656 B0063	1/4"	9/10 ml
8,0	ME 656 B0083	1/4"	9/10 ml
8,0	ME 656 B0084	3/8"	22,5/25 ml
10,0	ME 656 B0104	3/8"	22,5/25 ml
10,0	ME 656 B0105	1/2"	54/60 ml 72/80 ml
13,0	ME 656 B0135	1/2"	54/60 ml 72/80 ml



avaliability

arterial cannula with gelatine coated graft

ínner diameter [mm]	article number	connection	for VAD ventricle
6,0	ME 6560S 0063	1/4"	9/10 ml
8,0	ME 6560S 0083	1/4"	9/10 ml
8,0	ME 6560S 0084	3/8"	22,5/25 ml
10,0	ME 6560S 0104	3/8"	22,5/25 ml
12,0	ME 6560S 0125	1/2"	54/60 ml 72/80 ml
14,0	ME 6560S 0145	1/2"	54/60 ml 72/80 ml



Our Future: The MEDOS HD_{eight}







specifications of the MEDOS HD_{eight}

- ✓ mobile drive
- ✓ battery supply up to 4 hours plus emergency energy (about 1 hour)
- ✓ automatic mode via flow measurement
- improved flow measurement
- ✓ <u>size</u>: 340x315x134 (BTH) <u>weight</u>: 9,8 kg
- ✓ easy data acquisition
- ✓ large touch screen 640x480 integrated into the console



Conventional drive vs. *HD*_{eight}

	Conventional drive	HD _{eight}
Application	- LVAD, RVAD, BiVAD - Ventricle Size 9 ml to 80/72 ml	- LVAD, RVAD, BiVAD - Ventricle Size 9 ml to 80/72 ml
Operating Mode	- Fixed-rate mode - EKG mode	 Fixed-rate mode Automatic modus = first fill then empty -> var. rate
Biventricular mode	- push – push operation	 push – push operation alternating operation
Portability	 - emergency battery supply up to 45 minutes - size: 1150x700x750 mm - weight: 115 kg 	 - battery supplied up to 4 h plus emergency energy >= 1h size: 340x315x134 (BxTxH) mm weight: 9,8 kg environmental fit: explosion proof waterproof



Conventional drive vs. *HD*_{eight}

	Conventional drive	HD _{eight}
Securities	 processor controlled security system with integrated emergency power optic and acoustic warning signals on fail of functions 	 Integrated autonomous backups Moitoring and alarm possibilities: flow, pressure incl. tube buckling - minimal false handling because of user guide and integrated ventricle typing
Technical Data	 beating frequency: 40 to 180 BPM beating volume: pressure left/right: 300 mmHg max vacuum left/right: -99 mmHg max battery supplied mode: emergency 45 min max operating voltage: 2 x 12V intern, DC 24V/ 230 V, others avaliable 	 beating frequency: 35 to 130 BPM beating volume: 160 ml max. pressure left/right: 400 mmHg max vacuum left/right: -200 mmHg max battery supplied mode: 4 h max plus 1h memergency energy operating voltage: 12V intern, DC 12V / 110-240 VAC extern
User interface	- push – push operation	 push – push operation alternating operation





Patient 1:

43 years cardiogenic shock 60 min. reanimation Implantation of LVAD transplantation after 57 days







Patient 2:

15 years DCM Implantation of LVAD (60ml) Transplantation after 14 days

